

IN THE CLAIMS

The application was originally filed with Claims 1-57. Claims 1-19, 36-49 and 51-57 were previously canceled. Claims 32, 34, 35 and 50 were previously amended. Claim 20 is currently amended. Claims 21-31 and 33 are as originally filed. New Claims 58-60 are added. Claims 20-35, 50 and 58-60 are pending. Any additions to the claims are indicated by underlining and any deletions are indicated by strikethrough. The status of the claims is shown in parenthesis at the beginning of each claim.

Claims 1 - 19 (PREVIOUSLY CANCELED).

<sup>1</sup>  
Claim ~~20~~ (CURRENTLY AMENDED): A method of hybridizing a microarray of oligonucleotides bound to ~~an adsorbed~~ a polymer adsorbed surface on a surface of a siliceous substrate with a nucleic acid material comprising the step of incubating the nucleic acid material with the microarray of oligonucleotides on the adsorbed polymer surface in a hybridization solution at a hybridization temperature ranging from about 55°C to about 70°C so as to hybridize the nucleic acid material, wherein the hybridization solution comprises a buffer composition that comprises a pH within a range of pH 6.4 to 7.5, a non-chelating buffering agent that maintains the pH within the pH range, and a monovalent cation in a monovalent cation concentration ranging from about 0.01 M to about 2.0 M.

<sup>2</sup>  
Claim ~~21~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~<sup>1</sup>, wherein in the step of incubating, the non chelating buffering agent is selected from a group consisting of 2-[*N*-morpholino]ethanesulfonic acid (MES), 3-(*N*-Morpholine)propanesulfonic acid (MOPS), Piperazine-*N,N'*-bis(2-ethanesulfonic acid (PIPES), Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane hydrochloride (TRIS-HCl), Hydroxyethylpiperazine-*N'*-2-ethanesulfonic acid (HEPES), and *N*-Tris(hydroxymethyl)methylglycine (TRICINE).

<sup>3</sup>  
Claim ~~22~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~, wherein in the step of incubating, the monovalent cation is selected from a salt consisting of one or more of LiCl, NaCl and KCl and the monovalent cation concentration ranges from about 0.1 M to about 2.0 M.

<sup>4</sup>  
Claim ~~23~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~, wherein the adsorbed polymer surface comprises a polycationic polymer.

<sup>5</sup>  
Claim ~~24~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~23~~, wherein the polycationic polymer is selected from a group consisting of one or more of polyethylenediamine, poly-acrylamide, poly-L-arginine, poly-L-histidine, and poly-L-lysine.

<sup>6</sup>  
Claim ~~25~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~, wherein in the step of incubating, the buffer composition further comprises a chelating agent selected from a group consisting of one or more of ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA), trans-1, 2-diaminocyclohexanetetraacetic acid (CDTA) and diethylenetriaminopentaacetic acid (DTPA) that has a chelating agent concentration of less than about 100  $\mu$ M.

<sup>7</sup>  
Claim ~~26~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~, wherein in the step of incubating, the buffer composition further comprises an ionic surfactant selected from a group consisting of one or more of sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), lithium lauryl sulfate (LLS), N-lauryl sarcoside, acylated polypeptides, linear alkylbenzene sulfonates, lignin sulfonates, paraffin sulfonates, sulfosuccinate esters, alkyl naphthalene sulfonates, isethionates, alkanolamine condensates, and N-alkylpyrrolidones, and wherein the step of incubating comprises using a hybridization chamber, and the ionic surfactant is provided in an amount sufficient to wet surfaces of the hybridization chamber and loosen bubbles impinging on the surfaces of the hybridization chamber.

<sup>8</sup>  
Claim ~~27~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~26~~, wherein the amount of ionic surfactant is a surfactant concentration ranging from about 0.01% to about 0.2% (w/v).

<sup>9</sup>  
Claim ~~28~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~, wherein the buffer composition has a total cation concentration of about 0.02 M to about 2.0 M.

<sup>10</sup>  
Claim ~~29~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~<sup>1</sup>, wherein in the step of incubating, the non chelating buffering agent is 2-[N-morpholino]ethanesulfonic acid (MES), the monovalent cation is LiCl, the monovalent cation concentration is greater than or equal to 300 mM, the pH is within the range of pH 6.6 to 6.8.

<sup>11</sup>  
Claim ~~30~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~29~~<sup>10</sup>, wherein in the step of incubating, the buffer composition further comprises one or both of a chelating agent ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid EDTA having a chelating agent concentration of about 50 µM, and an ionic surfactant selected from sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), lithium lauryl sulfate (LLS) having a surfactant concentration that ranges from about 0.02 % to about 0.1 % (w/v), and the buffer composition has a total cation concentration of about 750 mM.

<sup>12</sup>  
Claim ~~31~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~20~~<sup>1</sup>, before the step of incubating, further comprising the step of combining the nucleic acid material with the buffer composition.

<sup>13</sup>  
Claim ~~32~~ (PREVIOUSLY AMENDED): The method of Claim ~~20~~<sup>1</sup>, after the step of incubating, further comprising the step of interrogating the hybridized microarray at a first location, the first location being a physical location either where the incubation of the microarray is performed or another location separate from the microarray incubation location.

<sup>14</sup>  
Claim ~~33~~ (ORIGINAL): The method of Claim ~~32~~<sup>13</sup>, further comprising the step of transmitting data representing a result of the interrogation.

<sup>15</sup>  
Claim ~~34~~ (PREVIOUSLY AMENDED): The method of Claim ~~33~~<sup>14</sup>, further comprising the step of receiving the transmitted data at a second location, the second location being a physical location that is different from one or both of the first location where the microarray interrogation is performed and the microarray incubation location.

<sup>16</sup>  
Claim ~~35~~ (PREVIOUSLY AMENDED):      The method of Claim ~~34~~<sup>15</sup>, wherein the first location is remote from the second location, the remote first location being physically separated from the second location.

Claims 36 - 49 (PREVIOUSLY CANCELED).

<sup>17</sup>  
Claim ~~50~~ (PREVIOUSLY AMENDED):      A method of performing a high temperature hybridization assay comprising the step of:

incubating a nucleic acid material with a microarray of oligonucleotides in a hybridization solution at a hybridization temperature ranging from about 55°C to about 70°C so as to hybridize the nucleic acid material,

wherein the microarray comprises a siliceous substrate with an adsorbed polymer surface and oligonucleotides bound to the adsorbed polymer surface, and

wherein the hybridization solution comprises a pH within a range of pH 6.4 and 7.5 and a buffer composition, the buffer composition comprising a non-chelating buffering agent that maintains the pH within the range and a monovalent cation having a monovalent cation concentration ranging from 0.01 M and 2.0 M.

Claims 51 - 57 (PREVIOUSLY CANCELED).

<sup>18</sup>  
Claim ~~58~~ (NEW):      A method of hybridizing a microarray of oligonucleotides with a nucleic acid material comprising the step of:

incubating the nucleic acid material with the microarray of oligonucleotides in a hybridization solution at a hybridization temperature ranging from about 55°C to about 70°C so as to hybridize the nucleic acid material, the oligonucleotides being bound to a polymer coating adsorbed on a surface of a siliceous substrate, the adsorbed polymer coating being non-covalently bound to the siliceous substrate surface,

wherein the hybridization solution comprises a buffer composition that comprises a pH within a range of pH 6.4 to 7.5, a non-chelating buffering agent that maintains the pH within the pH range, and a monovalent cation in a monovalent cation concentration ranging from about 0.01 M to about 2.0 M.

<sup>19</sup>  
Claim ~~59~~ (NEW):      The method of Claim <sup>18</sup>~~58~~, wherein the non chelating buffering agent is 2-[*N*-morpholino]ethanesulfonic acid (MES), the monovalent cation being LiCl, the monovalent cation concentration being greater than or equal to about 300 mM, the pH being within the range of about pH 6.6 to about 6.8, and wherein the adsorbed polymer coating is a polycationic polymer.

<sup>20</sup>  
Claim ~~60~~ (NEW):      A method of reducing surface degradation to a microarray of oligonucleotides during a high temperature hybridization assay comprising:

incubating a nucleic acid material with the microarray of oligonucleotides in a hybridization solution at a hybridization temperature ranging from about 55°C to about 70°C so as to hybridize the nucleic acid material, the oligonucleotides being bound to a polycationic polymer that is adsorbed to a surface of a siliceous substrate, the adsorbed polycationic polymer being non-covalently bound to the siliceous substrate surface,

wherein the hybridization solution comprises a buffer composition that comprises a pH within a range of pH 6.4 to 7.5, a non-chelating buffering agent that maintains the pH within the pH range, and a monovalent cation in a monovalent cation concentration ranging from about 0.01 M to about 2.0 M.